Sec

- (B) provides information regarding methamphetamine treatment and prevention programs and strategies and programs for drug endangered children, including descriptions of successful programs and strategies and contact information for such programs and strategies;
- (C) provides information regarding grants for methamphetamine-related programs, including contact information and links to websites:
- (D) allows a qualified entity to submit items to be posted on the website regarding successful public or private programs or other useful information related to the production, use, or effects of methamphetamine:
- (E) includes a restricted section that may only be accessed by a law enforcement organization that contains successful strategies, training techniques, and other information that the Council determines helpful to law enforcement agency efforts to identify or combat the production, use, or effects of methamphetamine;
- (F) allows public access to all information not in a restricted section; and
- (G) contains any additional information the Council determines may be useful in identifying or combating the production, use, or effects of methamphetamine.

Thirty days after the website in paragraph (2) is operational, no funds shall be expended to continue the website methresources.gov.

(c) Review of posted information

(1) In general

Not later than 30 days after the date of submission of an item by a qualified entity, the Council shall review an item submitted for posting on the website described in subsection (b)(2)—

- (A) to evaluate and determine whether the item, as submitted or as modified, meets the requirements for posting; and
- (B) in consultation with the Attorney General, to determine whether the item should be posted in a restricted section of the website.

(2) Determination

Not later than 45 days after the date of submission of an item, the Council shall—

- (A) post the item on the website described in subsection (b)(2); or
- (B) notify the qualified entity that submitted the item regarding the reason such item shall not be posted and modifications, if any, that the qualified entity may make to allow the item to be posted.

(Pub. L. 109-469, title X, §1004, Dec. 29, 2006, 120 Stat. 3538.)

§ 2014. Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated—

- (1) for fiscal year 2007—
- (A) \$500,000 to establish the NMIC and Council; and
- (B) such sums as are necessary for the operation of the NMIC and Council; and

(2) for each of fiscal years 2008 and 2009, such sums as are necessary for the operation of the NMIC and Council.

(Pub. L. 109–469, title X, §1005, Dec. 29, 2006, 120 Stat. 3539.)

CHAPTER 26—FOOD SAFETY

2101. Findings. 2102. Ensuring the safety of pet food. Ensuring efficient and effective communica-2103 tions during a recall. 2104 State and Federal cooperation. 2105. Enhanced aquaculture and seafood inspec-2106. Consultation regarding genetically engineered seafood products. 2107. Sense of Congress. 2108. Annual report to Congress. 2109. Publication of annual reports. Rule of construction. 2110.

§2101. Findings

Congress finds that-

- (1) the safety and integrity of the United States food supply are vital to public health, to public confidence in the food supply, and to the success of the food sector of the Nation's economy;
- (2) illnesses and deaths of individuals and companion animals caused by contaminated food— $\,$
 - (A) have contributed to a loss of public confidence in food safety; and
 - (B) have caused significant economic losses to manufacturers and producers not responsible for contaminated food items;
- (3) the task of preserving the safety of the food supply of the United States faces tremendous pressures with regard to—
 - (\bar{A}) emerging pathogens and other contaminants and the ability to detect all forms of contamination;
 - (B) an increasing volume of imported food from a wide variety of countries; and
 - (C) a shortage of adequate resources for monitoring and inspection;
- (4) according to the Economic Research Service of the Department of Agriculture, the United States is increasing the amount of food that it imports such that—
 - (A) from 2003 to 2007, the value of food imports has increased from \$45,600,000,000 to \$64,000,000,000; and
- (B) imported food accounts for 13 percent of the average American diet including 31 percent of fruits, juices, and nuts, 9.5 percent of red meat, and 78.6 percent of fish and shellfish; and
- (5) the number of full-time equivalent Food and Drug Administration employees conducting inspections has decreased from 2003 to 2007.

(Pub. L. 110-85, title X, §1001, Sept. 27, 2007, 121 Stat. 962.)

§ 2102. Ensuring the safety of pet food

(a) Processing and ingredient standards

Not later than 2 years after September 27, 2007, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (re-